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sustained for three months or longer. The term "inability to gain weight" means that there has been substantial weight loss with inability to regain it despite appropriate therapy. "Baseline weight" means the average weight for the two-year-period preceding onset of the disease.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1155)

§ 4.113 Coexisting abdominal conditions.

There are diseases of the digestive system, particularly within the abdomen, which, while differing in the site of pathology, produce a common disability picture characterized in the main by varying degrees of abdominal distress or pain, anemia and disturbances in nutrition. Consequently, certain coexisting diseases in this area, as indicated in the instruction under the title "Diseases of the Digestive System," do not lend themselves to distinct and separate disability evaluations without violating the fundaprinciple relating pyramiding as outlined in §4.14.

§ 4.114 Schedule of ratings—digestive system.

Ratings under diagnostic codes 7301 to 7329, inclusive, 7331, 7342, and 7345 to 7348 inclusive will not be combined with each other. A single evaluation will be assigned under the diagnostic code which reflects the predominant disability picture, with elevation to the next higher evaluation where the severity of the overall disability warrants such elevation.

	Rat- ing
7200 Mouth, injuries of.	
Rate as for disfigurement and impairment of	
function of mastication.	
7201 Lips, injuries of.	
Rate as for disfigurement of face.	
7202 Tongue, loss of whole or part:	
With inability to communicate by speech	100
One-half or more	60
With marked speech impairment	30
7203 Esophagus, stricture of:	
Permitting passage of liquids only, with marked	
impairment of general health	80
Severe, permitting liquids only	50
Moderate	30
7204 Esophagus, spasm of (cardiospasm).	
If not amenable to dilation, rate as for the de-	
gree of obstruction (stricture).	
7205 Esophagus, diverticulum of, acquired.	
Rate as for obstruction (stricture).	
7301 Peritoneum, adhesions of:	

	Rat- ing
Severe; definite partial obstruction shown by X-ray, with frequent and prolonged episodes of severe colic distension, nausea or vomiting, following severe peritonitis, ruptured appendix, perforated ulcer, or operation with drainage	50
Moderately severe; partial obstruction mani- fested by delayed motility of barium meal and less frequent and less prolonged episodes of	
pain Moderate; pulling pain on attempting work or aggravated by movements of the body, or occasional episodes of colic pain, nausea, constipation (perhaps alternating with diarrhea) or	30
abdominal distension Mild NOTE: Ratings for adhesions will be considered when there is history of operative or other traumatic or infectious (intraabdominal) proc- ess, and at least two of the following: disturb- ance of motility, actual partial obstruction, re- flex disturbances, presence of pain. 7304 Ulcer, gastric. 7305 Ulcer, duodenal:	10 0
Severe; pain only partially relieved by standard ulcer therapy, periodic vomiting, recurrent hematemesis or melena, with manifestations of anemia and weight loss productive of defi-	
nite impairment of health	60
at least four or more times a year	20
Mild; with recurring symptoms once or twice yearly	10
7306 Ulcer, marginal (gastrojejunal): Pronounced; periodic or continuous pain unrelieved by standard ulcer therapy with periodic vomiting, recurring melena or hematemesis, and weight loss. Totally inca-	10
pacitating	100
definite impairment of health	60
transient episodes of vomiting or melena Moderate; with episodes of recurring symptoms	40
several times a yearMild; with brief episodes of recurring symptoms	20
once or twice yearly	10
cerated or eroded areas	60
areas, and symptoms	30
toms Gastritis, atrophic. A complication of a number of diseases, including pernicious anemia. Rate the underlying condition.	10
7308 Postgastrectomy syndromes: Severe; associated with nausea, sweating, cir- culatory disturbance after meals, diarrhea, hypoglycemic symptoms, and weight loss with malnutrition and anemia	60
	60